BELL & GOSSETT

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

V55692 REVISION D



WARNING LABEL PART NO. V56871 INSTALLED IN THIS LOCATION. IF MISSING, IT MUST BE REPLACED



B&G ASME Safety Relief Valves



Installation, Operating and Service Instructions

INSTALLER: PLEASE LEAVE THIS MANUAL FOR THE OWNER'S USE.



SAFETY INSTRUCTION

This safety alert symbol will be used in this manual to draw attention to safety related instructions. When used, the safety alert symbol means ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED! FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS MAY RESULT IN A SAFETY HAZARD.

DESCRIPTION

B&G diaphragm operated cast iron and diaphragm-assist operated bronze ASME Safety Relief Valves are designed to protect fired and unfired hot water pressure vessels against over pressure conditions. The diaphragm's "oversized" effective area generates a greater operating force which helps to overcome the effects of fouling. These valves feature a unique fail-safe disc with sufficient area to permit the valves to maintain their safety relief function in the event of a diaphragm rupture. These valves are designed, manufactured, tested and labeled in accordance with the requirements of Section IV of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code. They are offered in a wide range of capacities to permit a close match with the boiler output rating.

Temperature and Pressure Limits

Maximum operating temperature: 250°F Maximum operating pressure: 125 psig

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS



WARNING: An undersized safety relief valve of inadequate relieving capacity can cause a boiler to explode. Before installing the safety relief valve, check the nameplate to make sure the pipe size, relief (opening) pressure, and BTUH rating are the same as required to protect the system against over pressure. BTUH rating and maximum operating pressure are stamped on the boiler nameplate. Failure to follow these instructions could result in serious personal injury or death and property damage.



WARNING: Improper safety relief valve installation can prevent the valve from protecting the system against over pressure conditions. The following instructions must be followed if the safety relief valve is to provide the over pressure protection required. Failure to follow these instructions could result in serious personal injury or death and property damage.

- Safety relief valves must be installed in the top or side, at the highest practical point, of a boiler or other equipment being protected by the safety relief valve. Do not install the safety relief valve below the lowest permissible water level.
- Safety relief valves must be installed in an upright position with the stem or spindle in the vertical position. See Figure 1, 2 or 3 for typical installations.
- Never reduce the inlet or outlet pipe connections to the safety relief valve. Install with pipe the same diameter as the safety relief valve inlet and outlet pipe connections.
- Do not install any shutoff valves between the safety relief valve and the equipment it is to protect against over pressurization.
- 5. Do not install any shutoff valves in the discharge piping from the safety
- Do not use pipe threaded on both ends in the drop line between the valve discharge connection and the floor or floor drain.
- Discharge piping must be as short and as straight as possible. It must be arranged and supported so as to prevent undue stress on the safety relief valve.
- If elbows are used in the discharge piping, they must be located as close as possible to the safety relief valve outlet.
- Provisions must be made to assure proper drainage of discharge piping. The size and arrangement of discharge piping must be such that any pressure that may exist or develop will not reduce the relieving capacity below that required to protect the system.
- 10. Pipe the safety relief valve discharge to approximately 2" above the floor or to a floor drain. This will decrease the possibility of scalding someone who may be standing nearby, if the safety valve discharges.
- Apply pipe sealing compounds sparingly to male threads only. Excessive use of pipe sealing compounds may adversely affect the operation of the safety relief valve.



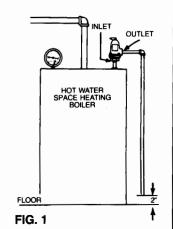
CAUTION: The use of Teflon impregnated pipe compound and Teflon tape on pipe threads provides lubricity which can lead to overtightening and breakage. Do not overtighten. Failure to follow these instructions could result in property damage and/or moderate personal injury.



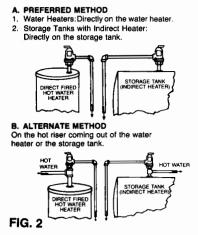
CAUTION: System additives may cause premature failure of the safety relief valve components. The compatibility of additives with the safety relief valve must be checked before they are used. Failure to follow these instructions could result in property damage and/or moderate personal injury.



INSTALL THE ASME SAFETY RELIEF VALVE AS NOTED:



Protection of Hot Water Space Heating Boilers.



Protection of Domestic Hot Water Heaters and Tanks.

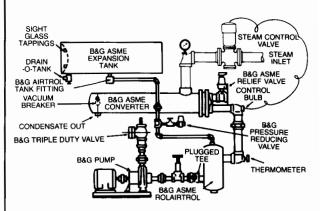


FIG. 3

Protection of Heating Exchanger Systems.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The safety relief valve is designed to protect a heating system from over pressurization. The safety relief valve does not operate unless there is an over pressure condition.

- If the safety relief valve discharges periodically, it is an indication that the system has lost its air cushion in the compression or expansion tanks. To determine if this is the case, initiate the following test:
 - a. Bladder or diaphragm style pre-charged tanks: Isolate the system from the tank, then bleed the water from the tank. Place a tire-type pressure gauge on the air valve on the tank. If the pressure is zero, the cushion is lost. The absence of the cushion may be from a leaking air valve. To check if this is the case, add some air to the tank and place some liquid on the valve stem area. If the liquid bubbles, the valve is leaking and must be replaced (see Instruction Manual A01500 for valve replacement). If the absence of cushion was not because of the leaking valve, then the bladder or diaphragm is leaking and the bladder must either be replaced (for the "B" Series) or the tank must be replaced (for the "D" Series). See Instruction Manual A01500 for bladder replacement.
 - b. Conventional pressure tanks: Shut off the boiler for approximately 30 minutes and check to see that the boiler pressure gauge reading is near the reducing valve setting (if it is not, the reducing valve is not working properly and the setting may need to be readjusted, or the valve needs to be replaced see Reducing Valve Instruction Manual V55999 under Pressure Setting for setting adjustment. Turn the boiler on. If within 8-9 minutes the pressure gauge at the boiler indicates a value within 10% of the relief valve setting, then the tank is waterlogged and needs to be drained and re-charged (See Instruction Manual S10300 for drain and air-charge procedures).



WARNING: Scale buildup from frequent discharging of safety relief valve can prevent safety relief valve from being able to discharge its rated capacity. The causes of frequent discharging such as a water logged compression tank must be immediately corrected. Failure to follow these instructions could result in serious personal injury or death and property damage.

The safety relief valve pressure setting is not field adjustable and must not be tampered with.



WARNING: Attempts to change safety relief valve setting will prevent it from relieving at rated capacity and thus causing the boiler to explode. Do not attempt to adjust the pressure setting of the safety relief valve. Failure to follow these instructions could result in serious personal injury or death and property damage.

SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

 The operating condition of the safety relief valve should be checked as follows every 30 days that the boiler, or other system component that the relief valve is protecting is in operation, or after any prolonged period of inactivity:



WARNING: The uncontrolled discharge of hot water from the safety relief valve can be very hazardous and could scald anyone in the vicinity. Make sure that proper discharge piping is in place at all times. Failure to follow these instructions could result in serious personal injury or death and property damage.

- a) Shut off the circulating pump and the fuel input to the boiler.
- b) Isolate the boiler from the system by closing shutoff valves, leaving the expansion tank valve open and opening the shut off valve installed ahead of the pressure reducing valve.
- Lift the manual opening lever on top of the relief valve to the full open position and hold it open for at least five seconds or until clean water is discharged.
- d) Release the lever and allow the relief valve to snap closed. If the relief valve leaks, operate the manual opening lever several more times to clear the seat of any foreign material that is preventing proper seating.
- e) If the relief valve continues to leak, it must be replaced before the boiler is returned to operation.



WARNING: Scale buildup from the continuous discharge of the safety relief valve will prevent the safety relief valve from discharging its rated capacity should an over pressurization condition occur. Immediately shut down the boiler and replace the safety relief valve should this condition occur. Failure to follow these instructions could result in serious personal injury or death and property damage.

- f) After it has been determined that the relief valve is not leaking, return the system to operation by reversing the steps in a) and b) above.
- When the above test is performed, also inspect the safety relief valve for signs of corrosion, damage or scale buildup. Inspect and make sure the discharge line is clear.



WARNING: Corrosion, scale buildup, leakage or damage to safety relief valve are indications the safety relief valve may fail to provide over pressurization protection. Every 30 days the safety relief valve must be inspected and if any of the above conditions are noted it must be replaced. Failure to follow these instructions could result in serious personal injury or death and property damage.

For further information, contact ITT Bell & Gossett, 8200 N. Austin Avenue, Morton Grove, IL 60053, Phone (847) 966-3700 – Facsimile (847) 966-9052.